



Liquidity Coverage Ratio: Mar 31, 2019

Liquidity Coverage Ratio (LCR) aimed to promote short-term resilience of banks to potential liquidity disruptions by ensuring that they have sufficient High Quality Liquid Assets (HQLAs) to survive an acute stress scenario lasting for 30 days.

The transition period for the SFBs for achieving the prescribed level of LCR as per Operating guidelines for Small Finance Banks dated Oct 06, 2016 would be as follows

	Till 31 st Dec 2017	By 1 st Jan 2018	By 1 st Jan 2019	By 1 st Jan 2020	By 1 st Jan 2021
Min LCR	60%	70%	80%	90%	100%

The following table sets out average LCR of the Bank for quarter ended Mar 31, 2019:

(Rs in Crores)

		Total Unweighted Value (Average)	Total Weighted Value (Average)
High Quality Liquid Assets			
1	Total High Quality Liquid Assets (HQLAs)		3,812
Cash Outflows			
2	Retail deposits and deposits from small business customers, of which:		
(i)	Stable deposits	760	38
(ii)	Less Stable deposits	4,380	438
3	Unsecured wholesale funding, of which:		
(i)	Operational deposits (all counterparties)	-	-
(ii)	Non-Operational deposits (all counterparties)	5,137	3,886
(iii)	Unsecured debt	497	497
4	Secured wholesale funding		17
5	Additional requirements, of which:		
(i)	Outflows related to derivatives exposure and other collateral requirement		
(ii)	Outflows related to loss of funding on debt products		
(iii)	Credit and liquidity facilities		
6	Other contractual funding obligations	424	424
7	Other contingent funding obligations	2,145	100
8	Total Cash Outflows		5,400
Cash Inflows			
9	Secured lending (e.g. reverse repos)	45	-
10	Inflows from fully performing exposures	1,519	1,340
11	Other cash inflows	272	136
12	Total Cash Inflows		1,476
			Total Adjusted Value
13	TOTAL HQLA		3,812
14	TOTAL NET CASH OUTFLOWS		3,923
15	LIQUIDITY COVERAGE RATIO (%)		97%